

No. **2026-9746**

**Official Order
of the
Texas Commissioner of Workers' Compensation**

Date: 1/16/2026

Subject Considered:

American Casualty Company of Reading, Pennsylvania
PO Box 8317
Chicago, Illinois 60680-8317

Consent Order
DWC Enforcement File No. 37433

General remarks and official action taken:

This is a consent order with American Casualty Company of Reading, Pennsylvania (Respondent). The commissioner of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) considers whether DWC should take disciplinary action against Respondent.

Waiver

Respondent acknowledges that the Texas Labor Code and other applicable laws provide certain rights. Respondent waives all of these rights, and any other procedural rights that apply, in consideration of the entry of this consent order.

Findings of Fact

1. Respondent holds a certificate of authority issued by the Texas Department of Insurance to transact the business of insurance pursuant to Tex. Ins. Code §§ 801.051-801.053 and is licensed to write multiple lines of insurance in Texas, including workers' compensation/employers' liability insurance.
2. Respondent was classified as "average" tier in the 2024, 2022, and 2020 Performance Based Oversight (PBO) assessments.

Failure to Timely Dispute Initial Temporary Income Benefits (TIBs)

3. On [REDACTED], Respondent received notice of an employee's workplace injury.
4. The injured employee's first day of disability began on [REDACTED]. The eighth day of disability accrued on [REDACTED].
5. Respondent was required to initiate or dispute TIBs either 15 days after it received written notice of the injury or seven days after the accrual date, whichever was later. In this case, the latest date was [REDACTED].
6. On [REDACTED], Respondent issued a Plain Language Notice Form-11, *Notice of Disputed Issues and Refusal to Pay Benefits* (PLN-11), disputing TIBs based on a lack of medical records to support ongoing disability 138 days late.
7. On [REDACTED], Respondent paid \$16,487.28 in TIBs to the injured employee.

Assessment of Sanction

1. Failure to provide income benefits in a timely and cost-effective manner is harmful to injured employees and the Texas workers' compensation system.
2. In assessing the sanction for this case, DWC fully considered the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e):
 - the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act;
 - the history and extent of previous administrative violations;
 - the violator's demonstration of good faith, including actions it took to rectify the consequences of the prohibited act;
 - the penalty necessary to deter future violations;
 - whether the administrative violation had a negative impact on the delivery of benefits to an injured employee;
 - the history of compliance with electronic data interchange requirements;
 - the economic benefit resulting from the prohibited act; and
 - other matters that justice may require, including, but not limited to:
 - PBO assessments;
 - prompt and earnest actions to prevent future violations;
 - self-report of the violation;

- the size of the company or practice;
 - the effect of a sanction on the availability of health care; and
 - evidence of heightened awareness of the legal duty to comply with the Texas Workers' Compensation Act and DWC rules.
3. DWC found the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e) to be aggravating:
 - a. the violation is serious, involving a dispute of \$16,487.21 in TIBs filed 138 days late;
 - b. Respondent has a history of similar administrative violations, including two consent orders involving TIBs violations;
 - c. a penalty is necessary to deter future violations; and
 - d. Respondent is the 23rd largest workers' compensation insurance carrier in Texas and has a heightened awareness of its legal duty to comply with the Texas Workers' Compensation Act and DWC rules.
 4. DWC is aware of no mitigating factors pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).
 5. Respondent acknowledges communicating with DWC about the relevant statute and rule violations alleged; that the facts establish that the administrative violation(s) occurred; and that the proposed sanction is appropriate, including the factors DWC considered under Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).
 6. Respondent acknowledges that, in assessing the sanction, DWC considered the factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).

Conclusions of Law

1. The commissioner has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 402.001; 402.00114; 402.00116; 402.00128; 414.002; and 414.003.
2. The commissioner has the authority to dispose of this case informally pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code § 2001.056; Tex. Lab. Code §§ 401.021; 402.00128(b)(6)-(7); and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(h) and (i).
3. Respondent has knowingly and voluntarily waived all procedural rights to which it may have been entitled regarding the entry of this order, including, but not limited

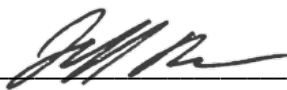
to, issuance and service of notice of intent to institute disciplinary action, notice of hearing, a public hearing, a proposal for decision, a rehearing by the commissioner, and judicial review.

4. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021, the commissioner may assess an administrative penalty against a person who commits an administrative violation.
5. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(20), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation each time it violates a DWC rule.
6. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(22), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation each time it fails to comply with a provision of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act.
7. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 408.081; 408.082; 409.021; and 28 Tex. Admin. Code §§ 124.3 and 124.7, an insurance carrier is required to initiate payment of TIBs no later than the 15th day after it receives written notice of the injury or the seventh day after the accrual date, unless the insurance carrier notifies DWC and the injured employee in writing of its refusal to pay.
8. Respondent violated Tex. Lab. Code §§ 409.021; 415.002(a)(20) and (22); and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 124.3 by failing to timely dispute initial TIBs.

Order


It is ordered that American Casualty Company of Reading, Pennsylvania must pay an administrative penalty of \$7,100 within 30 days from the date the Commissioner signs the order.

After receiving an invoice, American Casualty Company of Reading, Pennsylvania must pay the administrative penalty by electronic transfer using the State Invoice Payment Service, company check, cashier's check, or money order and make it payable to the "State of Texas." Mail the administrative penalty to the Texas Department of Insurance, Attn: DWC Enforcement Section, MC AO-9999, PO Box 12030, Austin, Texas 78711-2030.



Jeff Nelson
Commissioner
TDI, Division of Workers' Compensation

Approved Form and Content:



Alberto Garcia
Staff Attorney, Enforcement
Compliance and Investigations
TDI, Division of Workers' Compensation

