

No. **2025-9272**

**Official Order  
of the  
Texas Commissioner of Workers' Compensation**

**Date: 4/23/2025**

**Subject Considered:**

Safety National Casualty Corporation  
1832 Schuetz Road  
Saint Louis, Missouri 63146-3540

Consent Order  
DWC Enforcement File Nos. 36241 & 36243

**General remarks and official action taken:**

This is a consent order with Safety National Casualty Corporation (Respondent). The commissioner of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) considers whether DWC should take disciplinary action against Respondent.

**Waiver**

Respondent acknowledges that the Texas Labor Code and other applicable laws provide certain rights. Respondent waives all of these rights, and any other procedural rights that apply, in consideration of the entry of this consent order.

**Findings of Fact**

1. Respondent holds a certificate of authority issued by the Texas Department of Insurance to transact the business of insurance pursuant to Tex. Ins. Code §§ 801.051-801.053 and is licensed to write workers' compensation/employer's liability insurance in Texas.
2. Respondent was classified as "average" tier in the 2020, 2022, and 2024 Performance Based Oversight (PBO) assessments.

Failure to Timely Pay Initial and Accrued Temporary Income Benefits

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- 3. On [REDACTED], Respondent received notice of an employee’s workplace injury.
- 4. The injured employee’s first day of disability began on [REDACTED]. The eighth day of disability accrued on [REDACTED].
- 5. Respondent was required to initiate or dispute temporary income benefits (TIBs) either 15 days after it received written notice of the injury or seven days after the accrual date, whichever is later. In this case, the latest date was [REDACTED].
- 6. On [REDACTED], Respondent initiated \$ [REDACTED] in TIBs 26 days late.
- 7. Respondent was required to pay accrued TIBs to an injured employee from [REDACTED] through [REDACTED]. The TIBs payments were due seven days after the first day of the pay period. Respondent failed to timely pay \$ [REDACTED] in TIBs, as follows:

	Payment Period	Date Due	Date Paid	Days Late
a.	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	19
b.	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	12
c.	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	5

Failure to Comply with a DWC Order

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- 8. On [REDACTED], Respondent received Medical Fee Dispute Resolution (MFDR) Findings and Decision Order No. M4-24-1160-01.
- 9. This order required Respondent to pay \$ [REDACTED] plus accrued interest by [REDACTED].
- 10. On [REDACTED], Respondent paid \$ [REDACTED] pursuant to the MFDR Order 147 days late.

**Assessment of Sanction**

- 1. Failure to provide income benefits in a timely and cost-effective manner is harmful to injured employees and the Texas workers’ compensation system.

2. Failure to timely comply with DWC orders for payment of medical bills is not cost-effective, increases the likelihood of disputes, and causes economic harm. Further, non-compliance with a DWC order interferes with DWC's ability to regulate and diminishes faith in the Texas workers' compensation system.
3. In assessing the sanction for this case, DWC fully considered the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e):
  - the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, consequences, extent, and gravity of the prohibited act;
  - the history and extent of previous administrative violations;
  - the violator's demonstration of good faith, including actions it took to rectify the consequences of the prohibited act;
  - the penalty necessary to deter future violations;
  - whether the administrative violation had a negative impact on the delivery of benefits to an injured employee;
  - the history of compliance with electronic data interchange requirements;
  - to the extent reasonable, the economic benefit resulting from the prohibited act; and
  - other matters that justice may require, including, but not limited to:
    - PBO assessments;
    - prompt and earnest actions to prevent future violations;
    - self-report of the violation;
    - the size of the company or practice;
    - the effect of a sanction on the availability of health care; and
    - evidence of heightened awareness of the legal duty to comply with the Texas Workers' Compensation Act and DWC rules.
4. DWC found the following factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e) to be aggravating:
  - a. the violation was serious because Respondent paid six weeks of TIBs up to 26 days late and failed to comply with a DWC order for 147 days;
  - b. Respondent has incurred 22 administrative violations involving TIBs since 2021;
  - c. the penalty necessary to deter future violations;
  - d. Respondent received a \$6,473.86 economic benefit as a result of the conduct; and
  - e. Respondent has a heightened awareness of the legal duty to comply with the Texas Workers' Compensation Act and DWC rules.

5. DWC is aware of no mitigating factors pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).
6. Respondent acknowledges communicating with DWC about the relevant statute and rule violations alleged; that the facts establish that the administrative violation(s) occurred; and that the proposed sanction is appropriate, including the factors DWC considered under Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).
7. Respondent acknowledges that, in assessing the sanction, DWC considered the factors in Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021(c) and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(e).

### **Conclusions of Law**

1. The commissioner has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 402.001, 402.00114, 402.00116, 402.00128, 414.002, and 414.003.
2. The commissioner has the authority to dispose of this case informally pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code § 2001.056, Tex. Lab. Code §§ 401.021 and 402.00128(b)(6)-(7), and 28 Tex. Admin. Code § 180.26(h) and (i).
3. Respondent has knowingly and voluntarily waived all procedural rights to which it may have been entitled regarding the entry of this order, including, but not limited to, issuance and service of notice of intent to institute disciplinary action, notice of hearing, a public hearing, a proposal for decision, a rehearing by the commissioner, and judicial review.
4. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 413.055, the commissioner may enter an interlocutory order for the payment of all or part of medical benefits. The order may address accrued benefits, future benefits, or both accrued benefits and future benefits.
5. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.021, the commissioner may assess an administrative penalty against a person who commits an administrative violation.
6. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(20) and (22), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation each time it violates a DWC rule or a provision of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act

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7. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 408.101, an employee is entitled to TIBs if the employee has a disability and has not attained maximum medical improvement.
8. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 408.081; 409.023; and 415.002(a)(16), an insurance carrier must pay benefits weekly, as and when the benefits accrue, without order from the commissioner.
9. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 408.081; 408.082; 409.021; and 28 Tex. Admin. Code §§ 124.3 and 124.7, an insurance carrier is required to initiate payment of TIBs no later than the 15th day after it receives written notice of the injury or the seventh day after the accrual date, unless the insurance carrier notifies DWC and the injured employee in writing of its refusal to pay.
10. Respondent violated Tex. Lab. Code §§ 408.081; 409.021; 409.023; and 415.002(a)(16), (20), and (22); and 28 Tex. Admin. Code §§ 124.3 and 124.7 by failing to timely pay accrued and initial TIBs.

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11. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code §§ 415.0035(e) and 415.021(a), an insurance carrier commits an administrative violation if it violates, fails to comply with, or refuses to comply with a DWC order.
12. Pursuant to Tex. Lab. Code § 415.002(a)(17), an insurance carrier or its representative commits an administrative violation if it fails to pay an order awarding benefits.
13. Respondent violated Tex. Lab. Code §§ 415.002(a)(17) and (22); 415.021(a); and 415.0035(e) by failing to comply with a MFDR order.

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**Order**

It is ordered that Safety National Casualty Corporation must pay an administrative penalty of \$8,950 within 30 days from the date the Commissioner signs the order.

After receiving an invoice, Safety National Casualty Corporation must pay the administrative penalty by electronic transfer using the State Invoice Payment Service, company check, cashier's check, or money order and make it payable to the "State of Texas." Mail the administrative penalty to the Texas Department of Insurance, Attn: DWC Enforcement Section, MC AO-9999, PO Box 12030, Austin, Texas 78711-2030.

  
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Jeff Nelson  
Commissioner  
TDI, Division of Workers' Compensation

Approved Form and Content:

  
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Tyrus Housh  
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Compliance and Investigations  
Division of Workers' Compensation

